

Name	KEY	Contestant #	County	

Clover Retail Meat Cut Identification-2010

INSTRUCTIONS: For each picture, use the columns on the right to choose the number or letter that indicates your answer for each retail meat cut. Use capital letters and write neatly. <u>Clovers</u> only provide answers for retail cut name. Each question is worth 5 points (50 points total for Clovers).

	Retail Cut Name
1.	31
2.	2
3.	34
4.	4
5.	84
6.	85
7.	69
8.	61
9.	52
10.	57

Beef Retail Meat Cuts		
Brisket, flat half	17. Sirloin steak, shell	32. Bottom round roast
Brisket, point half	18. Sirloin steak, boneless	33. Bottom round steak
3. Brisket, whole	19. Tenderloin steak	34. Eye round roast
4. Arm roast	20. Porterhouse steak	35. Eye round steak
Arm roast, boneless	21. T-bone steak	36. Heel of round roast
6. Arm steak	22. Top loin steak	37. Rump roast, boneless
Arm steak, boneless	23. Top loin steak, boneless	38. Round steak
8. Blade roast	24. Short ribs	39. Round steak, boneless
Blade steak	25. Skirt steak	40. Tip roast
10. 7-bone roast	26. Rib roast, large end	41. Tip roast, cap off
11. 7-bone steak	27. Rib roast, small end	42. Tip steak
12. Flank steak	28. Rib steak, small end	43. Tip steak, cap off
13. Sirloin steak, flat bone	29. Rib steak, small end, boneless	44. Top round roast
14. Sirloin steak, pin bone	Ribeye roast	45. Top round steak
15. Sirloin steak, round bone	31. Ribeye steak	46. Cross cuts
16. Sirloin steak, wedge bone		47. Cross cuts, boneless
Lamb Retail Meat Cuts		
48. Breast	54. Sirloin chop	60. Rib roast
49. Breast riblets	55. Leg sirloin half	61. Rib roast, boneless
50. American style roast	56. Loin chop	62. Shanks
51. Leg Center slice	57. Loin double chop	63. Blade chop
52. French style roast	58. Loin roast	64. Neck slice
53. Leg shank half	59. Rib chop	65. Shoulder square cut
Pork Retail Meat Cuts		
66. Fresh ham center slice	73. Center rib roast	80. Arm roast
67. Fresh ham rump portion	74. Center loin roast	81. Arm steak
68. Fresh ham shank portion	75. Loin chop	82. Blade Boston roast
69. Fresh side pork	76. Rib chop	83. Sliced bacon
70. Blade chop	77. Sirloin chop	84. Smoked jowl
71. Blade roast	78. Top loin chop	85. Spareribs
72. Butterfly chop	79. Arm picnic roast	

Name	KEY	Contestant #	County	

Clover Livestock Feed Identification-2010

INSTRUCTIONS: For each picture, use the columns on the right to choose the number or letter that indicates your answer for each livestock feedstuff. Use capital letters and write neatly. <u>Clovers</u> only provide answers for feedstuff name. Each question is worth 5 points (50 points total for Clovers).

Feedstuff Name

1. **22**

2. **4**

3. **12**

4. **53**

5. **11**

7 3

8. 1

9. **10**

10. **72**

Feed Names – to be used in answer column 1 by Clovers, Intermediates, and Seniors

Alfalfa pasture 3. Barley (whole) 28. Ground limestone 4. Barley (steam rolled) 29. Ground shelled corn Brewers dried grain 31. L-lysine HCl 6. Canola meal 7. Copper sulfate 32. L-threonine 33. L-tryptophan Corn distillers dried grain Corn distillers dried grain 34. Linseed meal with soluble 35. Liquid molasses 10. Corn (shelled) 36. Meat and bone meal 11. Corn (shelled and cracked) 37. Millet (whole) 12. Cottonseed (whole) 38. Oats (whole) 13. Cottonseed hulls 39. Oat hulls 14. Cottonseed meal 40. Orchardgrass hay 15. Cottonseed oil 41. Orchardgrass pasture 16. Crimped oats 42. Oyster shells 17. Defluorinated rock 43. Peanut meal phosphate 44. Red Clover hay 18. Dehydrated alfalfa meal 45. Red Clover pasture 19. Dicalcium phosphate 46. Roller dried whey 20. DL-methionine 47. Rye (whole)

1. Alfalfa cubes

21. Dried Beet pulp

22. Dried molasses

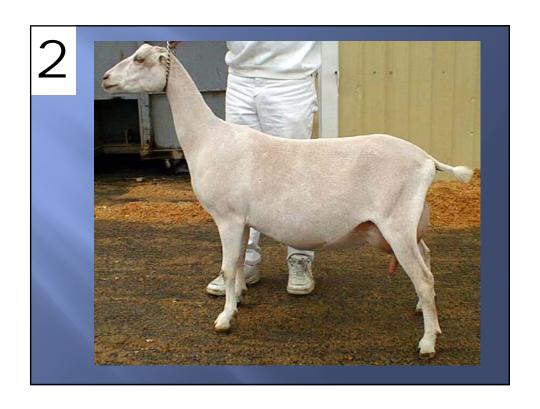
23. Dried skim milk

24. Feather meal

25. Fish meal

26. Grain sorghum (whole) 52. Soybean meal 27. Ground ear corn 53. Soybeans (whole) 54. Spray-dried animal plasma 30. Kentucky Bluegrass pasture 55. Spray-dried whey 56. Steam flaked corn 57. Steam rolled rye 58. Steam rolled oats 59. Steamed bone meal 60. Sunflower meal 61. Tall Fescue hay 62. Tall Fescue pasture 63. Timothy hay 64. Timothy pasture 65. Trace-mineral premix 66. Trace-mineralized salt 67. Triticale (whole) 68. Tryptosine 69. Urea 70. Vegetable oil 71. Vitamin premix 72. Wheat (whole) 48. Salt, white 73. Wheat bran 49. Santoquin 74. Wheat middlings 50. Soybean oil 75. White Clover hay 51. Soybean hulls 76. White Clover pasture









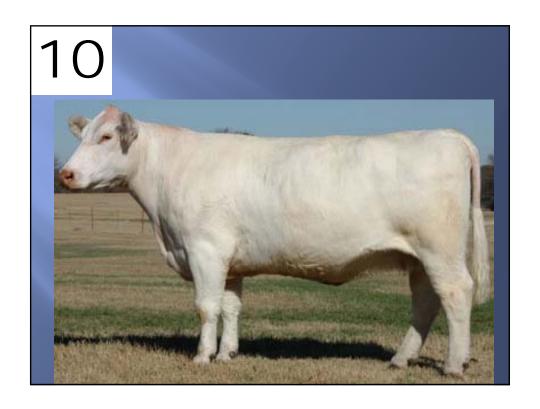












Name Net Contestant # County	Name KEY	Contestant #	County	
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Clover Livestock Breeds Identification-2010

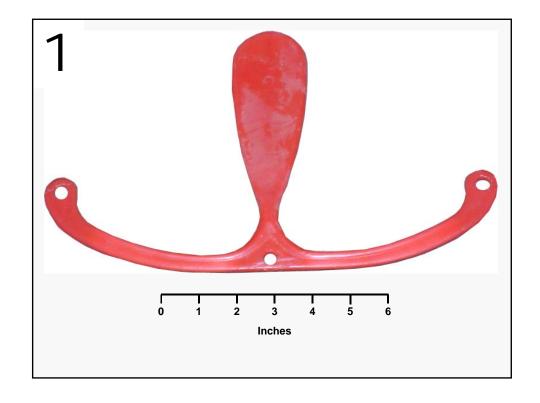
INSTRUCTIONS: For each picture, use the columns on the right to choose the number or letter that indicates your answer for each livestock breed. Use capital letters and write neatly. <u>Clovers</u> only provide answers for breed name. (50 points total for Clovers).

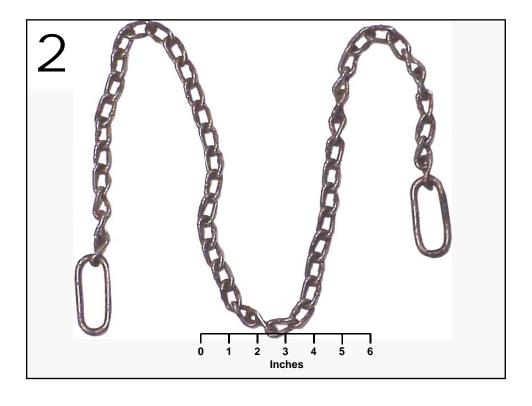
1.	20
2.	22
3.	36
4.	42
5.	34
6.	57
7	47

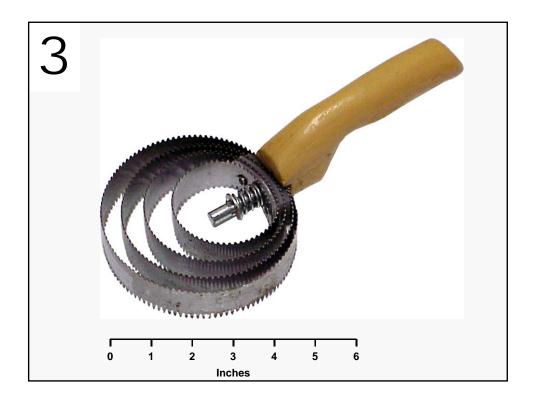
10. **14**

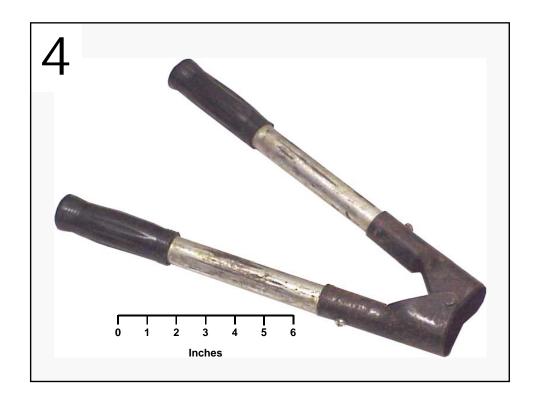
Breed Name

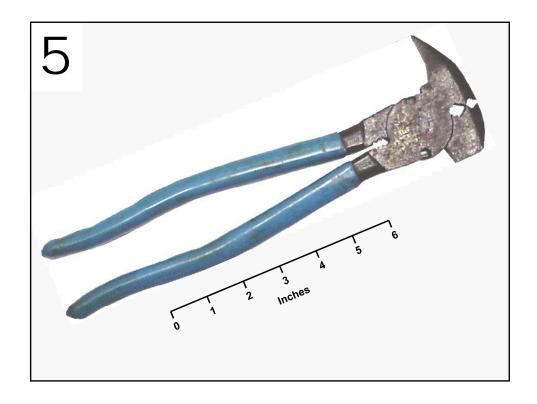
Beef Breeds	Goat Breeds	Sheep Breeds	Swine Breeds
. Angus	17. Alpine	30. Cheviot	47. Berkshire
. Brahman	18. American Cashmere	Columbia	48. Chester White
. Brangus	19. Angora	Corriedale	49. Duroc
. Charolais	20. Boer	Dorper	Hampshire
. Chianina	21. Kiko	34. Dorset	51. Hereford
. Gelbvieh	22. Lamancha	Finnsheep	52. Landrace
. Hereford	23. Nubian	36. Hampshire	53. Pietrain
. Limousin	24. Oberhasli	37. Katahdin	Poland China
. Maine Anjou	25. Pygmy	38. Merino	Spotted
Polled Hereford	26. Saanen	Montadale	56. Tamworth
 Red Angus 	27. Spanish	40. Oxford	Yorkshire
2. Red Poll	28. Tennessee Fainting	Polled Dorset	
Santa Gertrudis	29. Toggenburg	42. Rambouillet	
4. Shorthorn		43. Romney	
Simmental		44. Southdown	
Tarentaise		45. Suffolk	
		46. White Dorper	

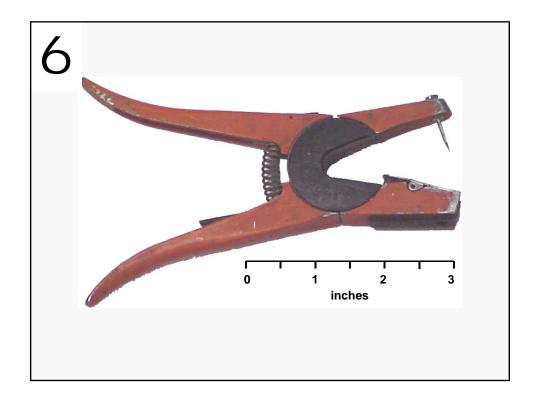


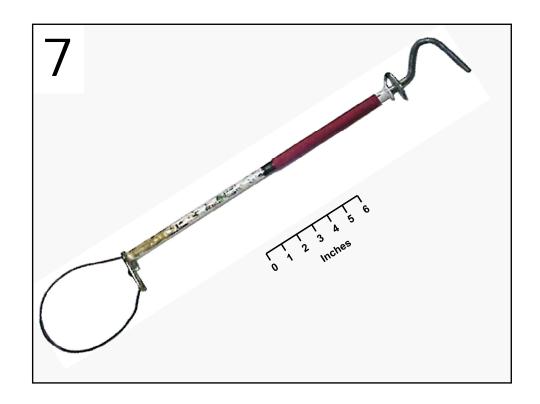


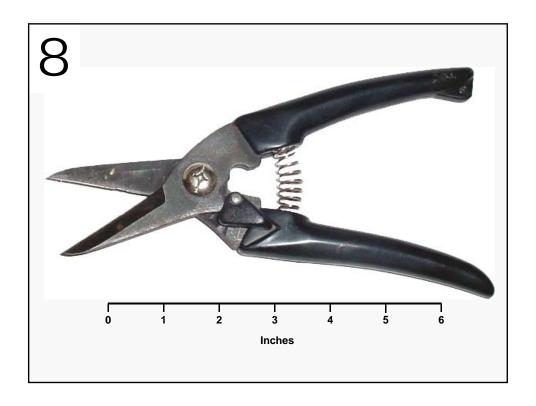


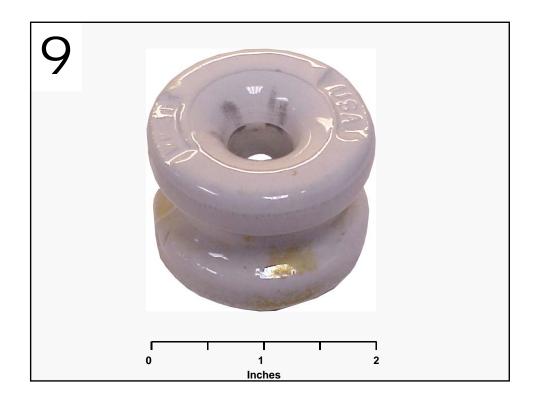


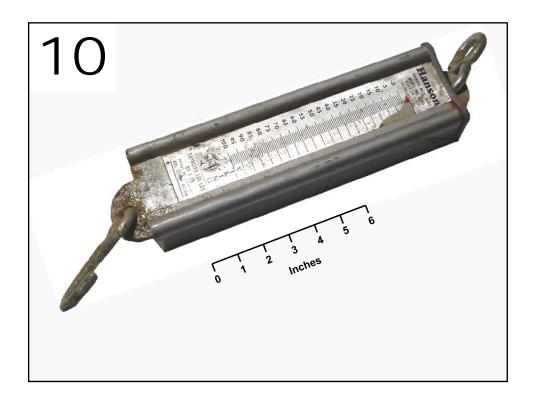












Name	KEY	Contestant #	County

Clover Livestock Equipment Identification-2010

INSTRUCTIONS: For each picture, use the columns on the right to choose the number or letter that indicates your answer for each piece of equipment. Use capital letters and write neatly. <u>Clovers</u> will only be asked questions pertaining to the names of livestock equipment. Each question is worth 5 points (50 points total for Clovers).

	Equipment Name
1.	20
2.	30
3.	9
4.	5
5.	21
6.	13
7.	24
8.	35
9.	33

10. **23**

	Livestock Eq		
	strator/docker		Lamb tube feeder
	emination pipettes		Needle teeth nippers
(Swine)			Nipple waterer
Bowl waterer	•		Nose ring
4. Balling gun			Nose ring pliers
Barnes dehor			Obstetrical (O.B.) chain
Cattle clipper			Paint branding iron
7. Clipper comb			Pistol-grip syringe
8. Clipper cutte	r	33.	Round Porcelain Electric
9. Currycomb		2.4	Fence Insulator
10. Disposable sy	ringes		Rumen magnate
11. Drench gun			Saboten Hoof Trimmer
12. Ear notchers			Semen Storage Tank Shearer's screwdriver
 Ear tag pliers Elastrator 			
	ding iron		Sheep shears (electric)
 Electric brand Electric deho 			Syringe Needles Tattoo pliers
17. Electric deno			Wool card
17. Electric dock		41.	woor caru
 Emasculator 	(Duruizzo)		
20. Ewe prolapse	retainer		
21. Fencing plier			
22. Freeze brand			
23. Hanging Scal	_		
24. Hog holder (s			

Clover Retail Meat Judging-2010

Name	KFY	Contestant #	County
 			

Top Loin Steaks

4-2-3-1 Cuts of 3-2-3

Contestant Number			
Placing Score			
University of Kentucky College of Agriculture			
Animal Sciences Department	A	1234	•
	В	1243	ī
Contestant's Name	C	1324	
Contestant 5 Name	D	1342	
	E	1423	
	F	1432	
	G	2134	•
	Н	2143	ī
Address	I	2314	
ruur ess	J	2341	•
	K	2413	
	L	2431	
	M	3124	
	N	3 1 4 2	
County	0	3 2 1 4	•
County	P	3 2 4 1	
	Q	3412	
	R	3 4 2 1	
	S	4123	
Class	T	4132	
Retail Meat Judging	U	4213	
	V	4231	
	W	4312	
	X	4321	

Clover Hay Judging-2010

Name	KEY	Contestant #	County
varric_	I\LI		COUNTY

4-2-3-1 Cuts of 2-5-2

Contestant Number	
Placing Score	
University of Kentucky College of Agriculture Animal Sciences Department	
Animai Sciences Deparimeni	A 1234
	B 1243
Contestant's Name	C 1324 D 1342
	E 1423
	F 1432
	G 2134
	H 2143
Address	I 2314
Addiess	J 2341
	K 2413
	L 2431
	M 3124
	N 3142
County	O 3214
	P 3241
	Q 3412
	R 3421
Class	S 4123 T 4132
	T 4132 U 4213
Hay Judging	V 4213
	W 4312
	X 4321
	<u> </u>

Maxibiotic

(Oxytetracycline in Aqueous Solution)

Directions for use: See package insert

For use in Beef Cattle, Swine, Sheep, and Goats

Read Entire Brochure Carefully Before Using This Product

For Intramuscular Use Only

Active Ingredients: Maxibiotic is an effective antimicrobial preparation containing oxytetracycline. Each ml of this suspension contains 250,000 units of oxytetracycline in an aqueous base.

Indications: Beef Cattle – pneumonia, bronchitis, mastitis, foot rot, wound infections. **Swine** – pneumonia, mastitis, wound infections: and other bacterial infections caused by or associated with oxytetracycline- susceptible species. **Sheep and Goats** – pneumonia, foot rot, wound infections

Recommended Dosage

The usual dose is 2 ml per 100 lb of body weight given once daily for 3 days.

Maximum dose is 12 ml/day.

Body Weight	<u>Dosage</u>
100 lb	2 ml
300 lb	6 ml
500 lb	10 ml
600 lb or more	12 ml

Caution: 1. Do not mix Maxibiotic with other injectable solutions as this may cause precipitation of the active ingredients. 2. Maxibiotic should be injected deep within the fleshy muscle of the neck. Do not inject this medication in the loin, hip, rump, subcutaneously, intravenously, or near a major nerve because it may cause tissue damage. 3. If improvement does not occur within 48 hours, the diagnosis should be reconsidered and appropriate treatment initiated. 4. Treated animals should be closely observed for 30 minutes after treatment. Should an adverse reaction occur, discontinue treatment and immediately administer epinephrine and antihistamines. 5. Maxibiotic must be stored between 2° and 8° C (36° to 46° F). Warm to room temperature and shake well before using. Keep refrigerated when not in use.

Warnings: The use of this medication in beef cattle, swine, sheep, and goats must be discontinued for 28 days before treated animals are slaughtered for food. Do not use in lactating animals.

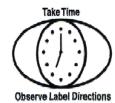
How Supplied: Maxibiotic is available in vials of 50 ml.

Manufactured by:

Bluegrass Animal Health LLC.

PO Box 123

Princeton, KY 42445



Na	ameKEY	Contestant # County
	Quality Assura	ance- Clover - Individual-2010
	2	mercial beef cow/calf operation. Use the <u>Maxibiotic</u> label to ng to beef cattle management. Circle your answer.
1.	Maxibiotic is labeled to treat a	ll of the following diseases in beef cattle, except?
	A.) Shipping fever	C.) Wound infections
	B.) Foot rot	D.) Mastitis
2.	What is the active ingredient in	n this product?
	A.) Oxytetracycline	C.) Ractopamine Hydrochloride
	B.) Ground corn cobs	D.) Penicillin
3.	What is the correct dosage per	day for a 1800 pound mature herd bull that has foot rot:
	A.) 12 ml	C.) 2 ml
	B.) 36 ml	D.) 25 ml
4	How should Movibiatio be in in	atad a according to the label?
4.	How should Maxibiotic be inje	cted according to the laber?
	A.) Under the skin	C.) In the ear
	B.) In the loin muscle	D.) In the neck muscle
5.	Maxibiotic could be used in all	of the following ways, except

C.) To treat a wound infection in a horse

D.) To treat pneumonia in breeding ewes

A.) To treat foot rot in market goats

B.) To treat mastitis in lactating sows

Name KEY Contestant # County	
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Clover Quiz-2010

Circle the correct answer to the question.				
1.	Which feed ingredient would be used in a beef cattle finishing feed?			
	 a. Spray Dried Whey b. Fescue Hay c. Spray Dried Blood Meal d. Steam Flaked Corn 			
2.	Which of the following beef carcasses would return the most dollars if sold on a "grid" that paid premiums for USDA Quality Grade?			
	a. USDA Primeb. USDA Choicec. USDA Selectd. USDA Standard			
3.	Which feed ration would probably cost the least to be fed to sows in an outdoor gestation facility?			
	 a. Soybean hulls and cottonseed meal b. Whole shelled corn and sow cube supplement c. Commercial complete sow chow d. Ground corn and commercial sow premix 			
4.	What does PSE stand for when discussing a swine carcass?			
	 a. Pale, soft, and exudative b. Pink, soft, and extra fine c. Pink, straight, and extra fine d. Pork standard evaluation 			
5.	Which one of the following crossbred calves would exhibit the most hybrid vigor?			
	 a. Hereford X Angus b. Hereford X Shorthorn c. Simmental X Angus d. Brahman X Angus 			
6.	Which index would best indicate that a boar will sire heavily muscled, fast growing, lean market hogs?			
	 a. Maternal Line Index b. Backfat EPD c. Terminal Sire Index d. Days to 250 EPD 			

7.	Wł	Which one of the following rams would pass on only Scrapie susceptible genes to their lambs?			
	9	QQ	c. RR		
		QR	d. RZ		
	υ.	QK	u. KZ		
8.	W	hich of the following would be co	onsidered a high quality grass/legume mixed hay?		
	a.	Orchardgrass and alfalfa			
	b.	Tall fescue and orchardgrass			
	c.	Bermudagrass and wheat			
	d.	Sudangrass and ryegrass			
9.	То	increase the consistency of herd	of animals, you should?		
	a.	Crossbreed	c. Outcross		
	b.	Linebreed	d. Use only proven sires		
10	. Wł	nat does BVD stand for when disc	cussing cattle diseases?		
	a.	Bovine Viral Diarrhea	c. Beef Viral Disease		
	b.	Beef Viral Death	d. Beef Vaccine Disease		
11.	. Wł	nich one of the following is a way	for livestock producers to help calves bring more at a stockyard?		
		Selling similar breed, age, and	weight calves together		
		Selling baby calves Selling unweaned calves			
	c. d.	Selling bull calves			
12.		A heavy muscled, correctly finished, 1250 pound steer would mostly likely harvest with which of the following carcasses?			
	a.	. USDA Prime (Quality Grade), USDA Yield Grade 1.5			
	b.	USDA Choice (Quality Grade), USDA Yield Grade 2.5		
	c.	USDA Select (Quality Grade), V	USDA Yield Grade 4.5		
	d.	USDA Standard (Quality Grade	e), USDA Yield Grade 4.5		

	a. Hampshireb. Berkshire	b. Pietrainc. Yorkshire
14	4. Which mineral can have a negative	effect and "tie up" other minerals when fed to beef cattle?
	a. Calcium	c. Iron
	b. Phosphorus	d. Selenium
1:	5. Which breeds of sheep are best kno	own for producing outstanding "club lambs" across the United States?
	a. Katahdin and Polypay	c. Merino and Dorset
	b. Hampshire and Suffolk	d. Rambouillet and Columbia
10	6. The term "cow hocked" is used to c	describe what condition?
	a. Hocks of an animal turn in	c. Hock has swelling or fluid on it
	b. Too much set or angle to the hoc	d. Too little set or angle to the hock
1′	7. Which one of the following EPDs won a herd of first calf Angus heifers	would be the most important if you were buying a Hereford bull to use s?
	a. Weaning Weight EPD	c. Maternal Milk EPD
	b. Maternal Weaning Weight EPD	d. Calving Ease EPD
18	8. How should a bone-in pork loin ro	ast be cooked to maximize quality and minimize food safety concerns?
	a. 20 minutes per pound	c. Until medium rare doneness
	b. 15 minutes per pound	d. Until internal temperature reaches 190 degrees Fahrenheit

13. Which breed of swine is best known for meat quality traits?

19. Which type of forage would be che	eapest to meet the i	needs of a mature Hampshire ram?	
a. Tall fescue/white clover pastureb. Orchardgrass hayc. Alfalfa hayd. Corn Silage	re		
20. Which one of the following disease	es is related to a lac	ck of vitamin E and selenium in sh	eep?
a. Shipping Feverb. Leptospirosis		c. White Muscle Disease d. Curley Calf Syndrome	
21. Which cut of meat would most like	ely be the best com	bination of value and quality in the	e meat case?
a. Ground Beef, \$1.99/poundb. Whole Boneless Pork Loin, \$1		e. Eye of the Round Roast, \$1.99/p. d. Smoked Pork Jowl, \$1.99	
22. What product may be added to ratio	ons being fed to sh	now goat wethers to reduce urinary	calculi?
a. Bovatecb. Ammonium Chloride	c. Rumensin d. Feed Grade (Chlortetracycline	
23. This disease is caused by a protozo	oan parasite that is	usually spread by cats	?
a. Pinkeyeb. Sore mouth	c. Toxoplasmo s d. Enterotoxemi		
24. Which of the following is consider	ed as a value added	d beef program?	
a. Certified Angus Beefb. Certified Hereford Beef	c. Superior Sim d. Both a and l		
25. Which one of the following breeds	of beef cattle is co	onsidered a <i>Bos taurus</i> breed?	
a. Brangusb. Red Angusc. Brafordd. Both a and c			

Clover Quality Assurance Exercise-Team-2010 County__KEY____

Your team is the group managers of a large commercial backgrounding/stocker calf operation that backgrounds feeder cattle and then sells them to a large feedlot in Kansas. A recent group of calves brought from a local stockyard are not eating well, are coughing, and some have a high fever of 102.5 F. Your veterinarian diagnoses that the calves are suffering from a disease caused by *Pasteurella multocida*. Use the **Tylan 200** medication label to answer the questions below.

1.)	Which	company	manufactures	Tvlan	200?
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- a.) Elanco Animal Health c.) Bayer Animal Health
- b.) Pfizer Animal Health
- d.) Farmer John Animal Health

2.) How should Tylan 200 be administered?

- a.) Mixed in the feed ration
- c.) Injected intramuscularly
- b.) Injected subcutaneously
- d.) Inject intravenously

3.) What would the dosage be for a 500 pound calf?

- a.) 10 mL in two (2) different injection sites for a total of 20 mL
- b.) 20 ml in one (1) injection site
- c.) 10 ml in one (1) injection site
- d.) 5 mL in four (4) different injection sites for a total of 20 ml

4.) How should you store this medication?

- a.) Below Freezing
- b.) At 35 degrees Fahrenheit
- c.) At or below 22 degrees Celsius
- d.) In the tractor toolbox

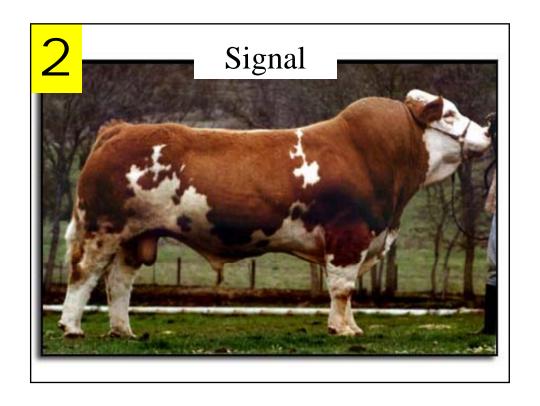
a.) Swine	c.) Non-lactating Dairy Cattle
b.) Goats	d.) Both a and c
6.) Which other diseases of b	peef cattle are labeled for treatment with Tylan 200?
a.) Bovine Respiratory Co	mplex c.) Foot Rot
b.) Shipping Fever	d.) All of these
7.) Which one of the following	ng statements is true?
a.) Tylan 200 may be used	within 14 days of slaughter in cattle.
b.) Tylan 200 may be used	l within 7 days of slaughter in swine.
c.) Tylan 200 may be mixe	ed with other vaccines or medications in the same injection
d.) Tylan 200 may not be	used in calves processed for veal.
8.) According to the Tylan 2	00 label, what is another name for foot rot?
a.) Necrotic pododermat	itis c.) Actinomyces pyogenes
b.) Pasteurella multocida	d.) Mycoplasma hyosynoviae
9.) Tylan 200 would be consi	idered which one of the following?
a.) Antibioticb.) Vaccine	c.) Growth Promoter d.) Anthelmintic
10.) With a valid VCPR (vet- directions for use of Tyla	-client-patient relationship) your veterinarian could alter the n 200.

FALSE

TRUE

5.) What other farm animals are labeled to be treated with Tylan 200?









Clover Team Breeding Exercise-2010

County__ANSWER_KEY_

Your team is managing Bluegrass Genetics, a commercial beef cattle operation that mainly sells bred heifers to other commercial beef operations. Your cowherd is made up of Angus-Hereford crossbred cows. You decide that you are going to bred some of the mature cows to Simmental bulls to increase growth, milk production, and muscling in the heifers that you sell to other producers. Your job is to select two (2) of the four (4) bulls below to use in the operation, answer the eight (8) questions and then explain to the contest official why you choose the two (2) bulls that you did.

Bull #	Bull Name	Breed	Calving Ease EPD	Birth Weight EPD	Weaning Weight EPD	Yearling Weight EPD	Milk EPD	Marbling EPD	Rib Eye Area EPD
1	Legacy	Simmental	+12.0	-1.8	+44.5	+65.5	+8.1	+0.28	+0.44
2	Signal	Simmental	+9.3	-0.3	+29.9	+55.6	+14.5	-0.09	-0.01
3	Overdrive	Simmental	+12.8	-1.9	+48.3	+66.9	+8.2	+0.32	+0.49
4	Casino	Simmental	+8.6	+0.2	+38.7	+60.8	+12.9	+0.10	+0.18
Breed Average			+7.0	+1.1	+31.2	+55.9	+4.4	+0.13	+0.11

Which two (2) bulls did your team choose to use in this operation?

- (1) Legacy
- (2) Signal
- (3) Overdrive
- (4) Casino

- 1) Which bull has a traditional color pattern?
- (1) Legacy
- (2) Signal
- (3) Overdrive
- (4) Casino
- 2) Which bull should produce calves that would have the highest quality carcasses?
- (1) Legacy
- (2) Signal
- (3) Overdrive
- (4) Casino

3)	3) Which bulls daughters should produce the most milk?					
1) L	egacy	(2) Signal	(3) Overdrive	(4) Casino		
4)	Which bull is	the finest boned?				
1) L	egacy	(2) Signal	(3) Overdrive	(4) Casino		
5)	Which bull wi	ill pass on only red col	or genes to his calves?			
1) L	egacy	(2) Signal	(3) Overdrive	(4) Casino		
ŕ	Which bull is egacy	the steepest and most i (2) Signal	ncorrect through his ru (3) Overdrive	ump? (4) Casino		
7)	Between bulls	(3) Overdrive and (4)	Casino, which bull is a	nicer balanced and has more volume?		
1) L	egacy	(2) Signal	(3) Overdrive	(4) Casino		
	Between bulls	s (1) Legacy and (2) Sig (2) Signal	gnal, which bull is coard (3) Overdrive	rser in his knee and hock joints? (4) Casino		

Senior Quality Assurance Labels

Optaflexx 45 Label: http://elms.xh1.lilly.com/optaflexx_label.pdf

Tylan 200 Label: http://elms.xh1.lilly.com/Tylan_200_Injection_Label.pdf

Zilmax Label: http://www.intervet.co.za/products/zilmax/020_product_details.asp

Intermediate Quality Assurance Labels

Tylan 200 Label: http://elms.xh1.lilly.com/Tylan_200_Injection_Label.pdf

Clover Quality Assurance Labels

Tylan 200 Label: http://elms.xh1.lilly.com/Tylan_200_Injection_Label.pdf